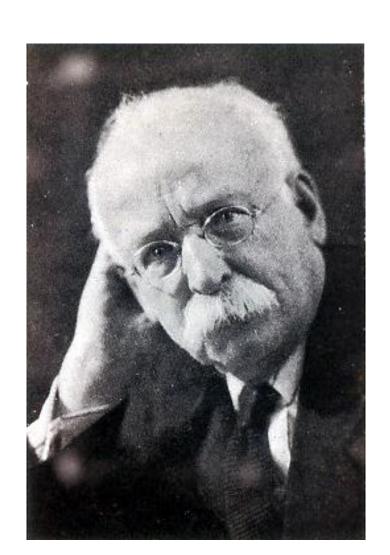


# THE GARDEN CITY: ENDURING VISION, ALTERNATIVE INTERPRETATIONS Response to the Highbury Group

Professor Sir Peter Hall London Planning and Development Forum 10 September 2012



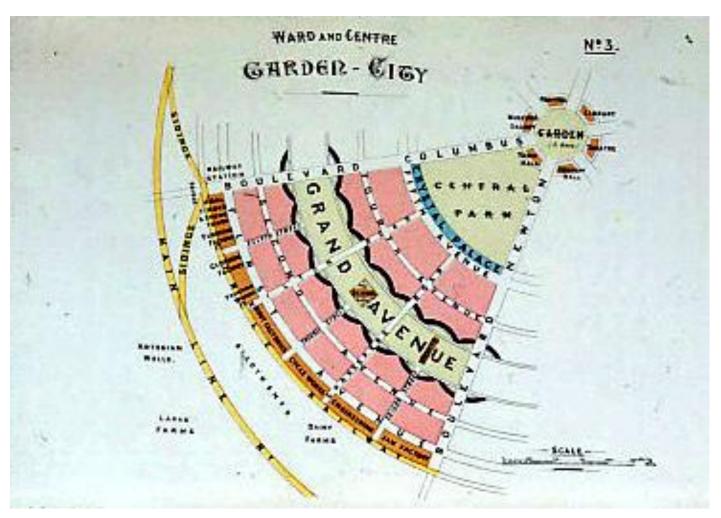
#### **Ebenezer Howard 1850-1928**



- To-Morrow: A Peaceful Path to Real Reform 1898
- 2<sup>nd</sup> edition Garden Cities of To-Morrow 1902
- Vision partly lost
- Letchworth 1903-
- Welwyn 1920-

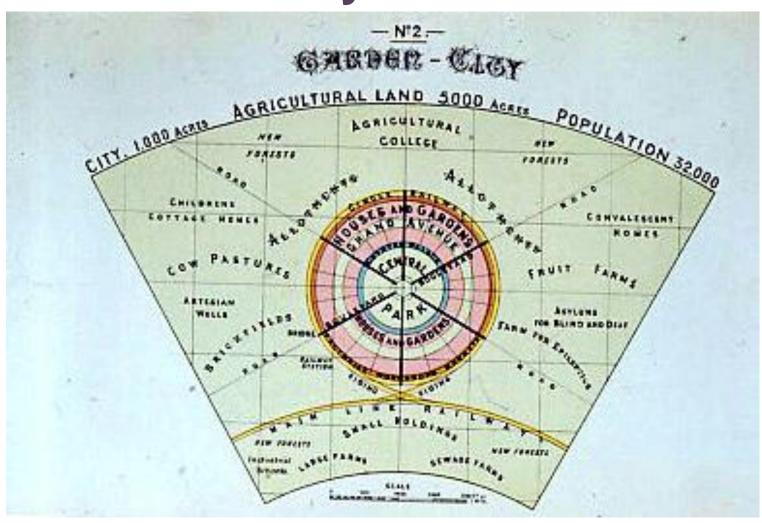


# Garden City: Green Spaces, Compact Housing





# Howard's Vision: A 90% Green City





### Social City: "Towns against a Background of Open Country"





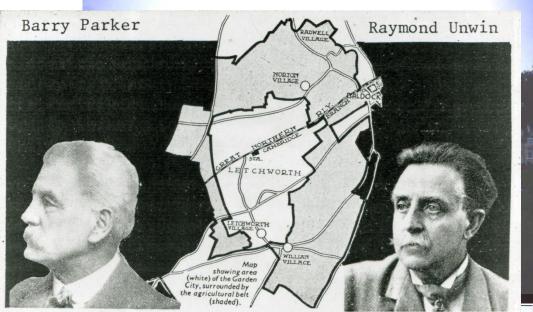
### How Howard Did It: No Land Value Problem!





#### Letchworth

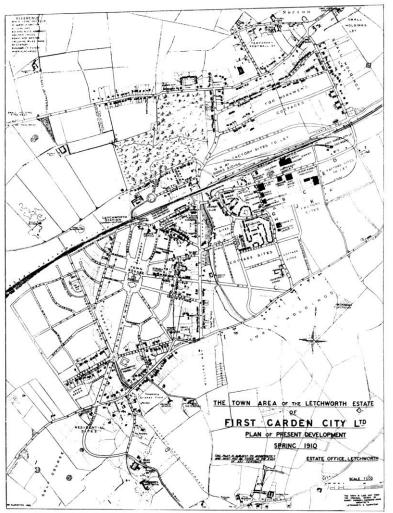








## 1903-1907: The Great Debate: "Garden Suburbs are (almost) all right"







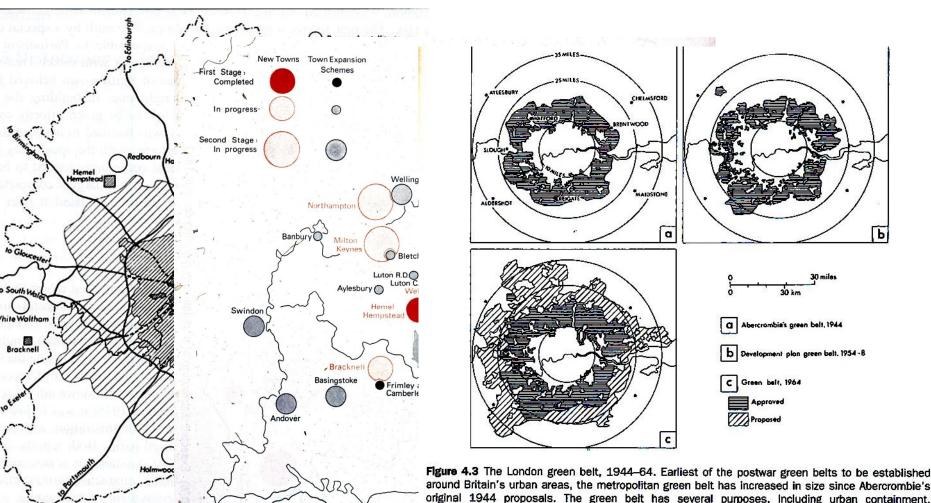
#### **Brentham: First Garden Suburb**





#### **Greater London Plan: Green Belt and New Towns**

Fig. 1.11 New and expanded towns



around Britain's urban areas, the metropolitan green belt has increased in size since Abercrombie's original 1944 proposals. The green belt has several purposes, including urban containment, agricultural protection and the reservation of land for recreation.



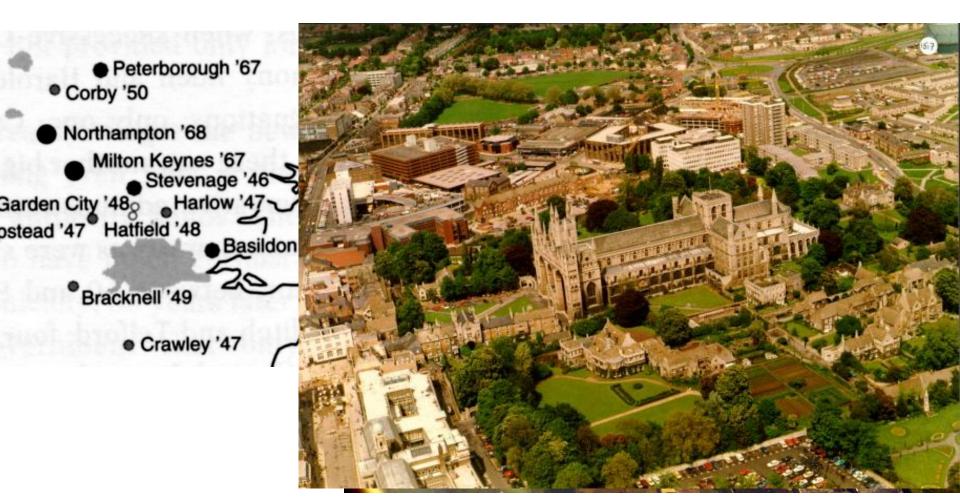
# 1960s New Town: Milton Keynes





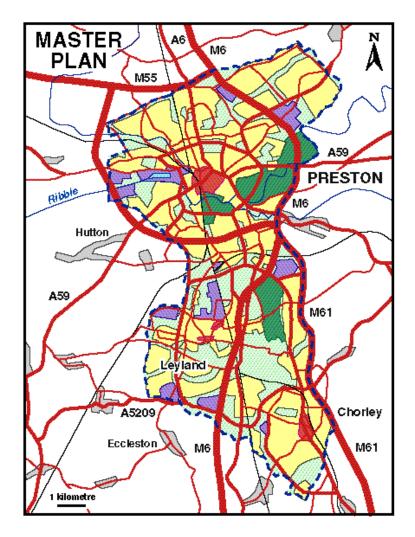


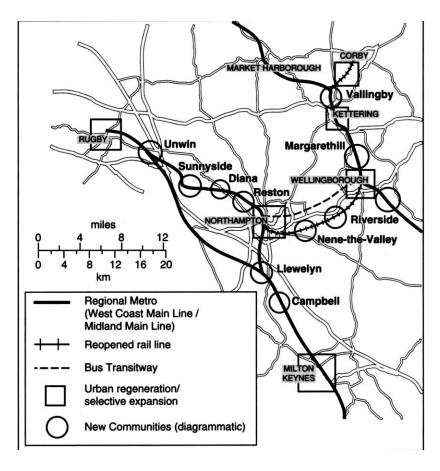
## 1960s New Town: Peterborough





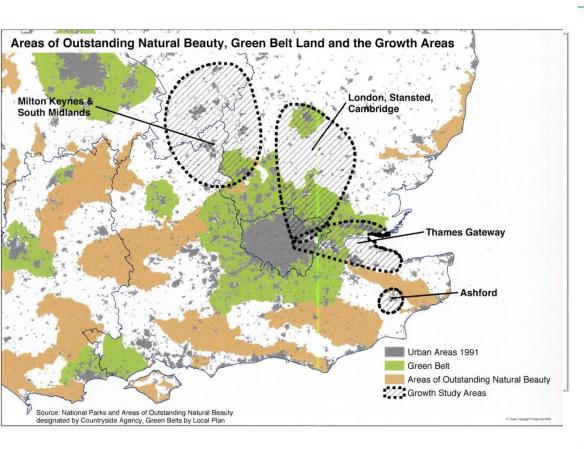
### New Towns as Clusters: Central Lancashire 1970, Hall/Ward 1998

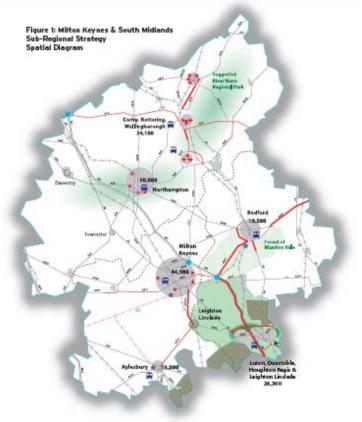






### **Sustainable Communities 2003: Growth Corridors**







### Models from Europe: (1) Freiburg



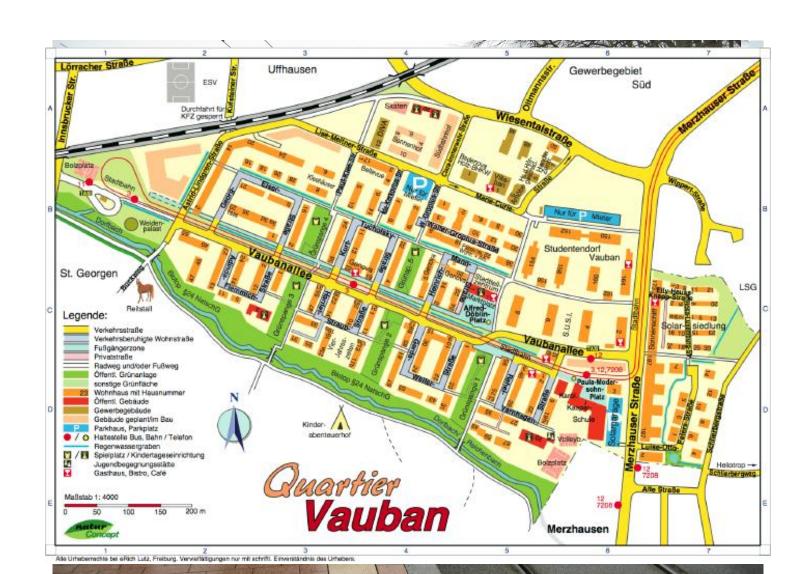


#### Freiburg: Vauban



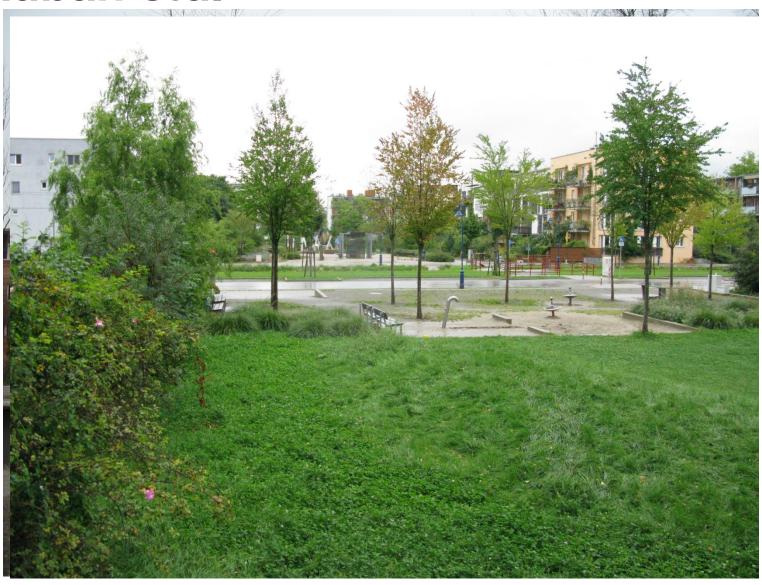


#### Vauban





#### Vauban ctd.





### Lessons from Europe (2) Ypenburg

